

## THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

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July 21, 2017

Diana L. Cooley, Town Clerk Town of Petersham P.O. Box 486 Petersham, MA 01366

RE: Petersham Annual Town Meeting of June 5, 2017 - Case # 8495

Warrant Article # 40 (General)

Dear Ms. Cooley:

<u>Article 40</u> - We approve Article 40 from the June 5, 2017 Petersham Annual Town Meeting.

Article 40 amends the Town's general by-laws by inserting in Chapter III, "Town Finances," a new Section 4, "Departmental Revolving Funds." General Laws Chapter 44, Section 53E ½, requires revolving funds to be established by by-law. Section 53E ½ authorizes municipalities to establish revolving funds for "any fees, charges or other receipts from the departmental programs or activities supported by the revolving fund," to be accounted for separately from other monies in the town, and authorizes expenditures from such fund without further appropriation, subject to the provisions of Section 53E ½. According to the Department of Revenue/Division of Local Services (DOR/DLS), the purpose of a departmental revolving fund is to enable the department to separately account for money received from a specific program or activity and to make expenditures from that separate account for that specific program or activity.

However, according to DOR/DLS, not all receipts may lawfully be deposited in a revolving fund. For example, property taxes, motor vehicle taxes, or revenues from general municipal activities, rather than those of a particular department, are not properly categorized as "fees, charges or other receipts from the departmental programs or activities supported by the revolving fund." *See* G.L. c 44, § 53 and 53E ½. In addition, receipts reserved by law (for example betterment payments under G.L. c. 44, § 53J), or receipts authorized by law for expenditure for a particular purpose (for example, local acceptance of G.L. c. 44B, Community Preservation Act), are expressly prohibited from being included in a revolving fund under the statute.

The DOR/DLS has published several informational guidelines to provide information regarding municipal revenues and special funds. In particular, DOR/DLS has published Bulletin 2017-01B, "Authorization of Departmental Revolving Funds and Model By-law/Ordinance:"

http://www.mass.gov/dor/docs/dls/publ/bull/2017/2017-01b.pdf

and an "Overview of Statutory Treatment of Municipal Revenues:"

http://www.mass.gov/dor/docs/dls/training/overview.pdf

We approve the by-law created under Article 40. However, the Town should consult closely with Town Counsel to ensure that receipts designated for each revolving fund are not already reserved under other funds or statutes, and are properly included in the designated revolving fund. In addition, the Town should consult closely with Town Counsel to ensure that any deposits into a revolving fund are properly from "fees, charges or other receipts" associated with a specific departmental program or activity and that the funds are expended in connection with that specific program or activity, not for the general use of the department.

Further, G.L. c. 44, § 53E ½, requires the establishment of any revolving fund to be "made not later than the beginning of the fiscal year in which the fund shall begin." The Town established these revolving funds by by-law at a vote of Town Meeting on June 7, 2017, apparently with the intention that these funds be used during Fiscal Year 2018 (beginning July 1, 2017). According to DOR/DLS, all receipts collected during Fiscal Year 2018 can be credited to the revolving funds created under Article 40. The Town should consult with Town Counsel and/or DOR/DLS with any questions on this issue.

Note: Pursuant to G.L. c. 40, § 32, neither general nor zoning by-laws take effect unless the Town has first satisfied the posting/publishing requirements of that statute. Once this statutory duty is fulfilled, (1) general by-laws and amendments take effect on the date these posting and publishing requirements are satisfied unless a later effective date is prescribed in the by-law, and (2) zoning by-laws and amendments are deemed to have taken effect from the date they were approved by the Town Meeting, unless a later effective date is prescribed in the by-law.

Very truly yours,

MAURA HEALEY ATTORNEY GENERAL

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cc: Town Counsel David Doneski